山茶属的系统大纲*

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摘要 本文提出了山茶属两个亚属、14组和119种的系统大纲。这个大纲支持建立亚属的分类等级,归并了张宏达(H. T. Chang, 1981-1996)系统中的两个亚属和9个组,取消了"亚组"和"系"的分类等级,界定了亚属和组的概念和范围,将已合格发表的300余种的名称订正归并为119种。

关键词 山茶属,系统大纲

分类号 ()949

A Systematic Synopsis of the Genus Camellia

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Abstract The genus *Camellia* is only distributed in the Eastern Asia and contained a lot of important economic plants. So far about 300 species have validly been published and have never been completely revised. Since 1989 the author has been closely involved with the revision of system and species of this genus.

Linnaeus (1753) described 2 genera and 2 species (Camellia japonica L. and Thea sinensis L.). Dyer (1874) reduced 2 sections under genus Camellia. After a synopsis of genus Camellia published by Cohen Stuart (1916), the number of species was raised to 38. Mechior (1925) divided Camellia into 3 genera (Piquetia, Stereocarpus and Camellia), in which genus Camellia included 5 sections (Eriandria, Calpandria, Eucamellia, Theopsis and Thea) and about 50 species. Nakai (1940) divided Camellia to 4 genera (Camellia, Camelliastrum, Thea and Theopsis) and about 59 species. J. R. Sealy (1958) reduced the above mentioned genera to genus Camellia and presented a taxonomic system of 12 sections and 82 species for the first time. After then, Prof. H. T Chang (1981 ~ 1996) published a new system of Camellia including 4 subgenera, 22 sections and about 300 species.

On the basis of the above mentioned two systems, a new systematic synopsis of 2 subgenera, 14 sections and about 119 species are presented here. Sealy's 6 sections and Chang's 2 subgenera and 2 sections are recognized. The synopsis with appropriate synonym including Sealy's 1 section and Chang's 2 subgenera, 9 sections as well as about 190 species are reduced together with necessary nomenclature changes.

The present synopsis will provide a framework for discussing the taxonomic implications of recent research of *Camellias*. The full results will be presented in the Monograph of genus *Camellia*.

Key words Camellia, Systematic synopsis

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对山茶属的分类系统一直有不同的见解。Sealy(1958)的系统划分 12 个组,在系统排列上未能揭示各类群的演化关系和进化水平。张宏达(1981 – 1996)首次建立了亚属的分类等级,并将 Yunnanea Hu 并入本属,划分为 4 个亚属和 22 组,他强调"苞、萼不分化"是该属演化上的原始性状。

基于"花是变态的枝条"这一系统发育理论,我们认为,花有梗,小苞片螺旋状排列于花梗上,苞、萼花后宿存是原始性状,"苞、萼不分化"是花变无梗、小苞片和萼片密集排列的结果,且花后多少脱落,应属次生性状。根据雄蕊由多数到少数、离生至不同程度合生,心皮未完全合生至合生,花柱离生到不同程度合生,子房5室至3室或仅1室发育,中轴宿存或退化为主要线索,将该属划分成两个亚属(两条演化路线)和14组,通过订正研究,种类由300余种减少到119种。

这一系统在亚属水平上归并了张宏达(H.T.Chang)系统中的原始山茶亚属 Subg. Protocamellia H.T. Chang 和后生山茶亚属 Subg. Metacamellia H.T. Chang 两个亚属,对组 一级作了较多的订正归并:根椐花具梗,小苞片较多排列于花梗上,花柱离生等共同的基 本特征,将金花茶组 Sect. Chrysantha H.T. Chang 和肋果茶组 Sect. Pleurocarpus H.T. Chang 并 人到古茶组 Sect. Archecamellia Sealy;恢复 J.R. Sealy 建立的 Sect. Corallina 概念,短蕊茶组 Sect. Brachyandra H.T. Chang 应 归 人 其 中; Sect. Longipedicellata H.T. Chang 其 模 式 C. longipedicellata (Hu) Chang et Fang 与 Sect. Longissima H.T. Chang 同质,后者应予归并; 秃茶组 Sect.Glaberrima H.T.Chang 应并人茶组 Sect.Thea (L.) Dyer (见闵天禄等 1992); Sect. Heterogenea Sealy 其花无梗, 花柱离生, 花萼半宿存等无疑是一个自然类群而应予恢 复,张宏达发表的糙果茶组 Sect. Furfuraceae H.T. Chang 强调果皮粗糙,这一特征在其他组 也可见到(如 Sect. Camellia 和 Sect. Calpandria……), Sect. Pseudocamellia Sealy (限于模式及 张宏达移入的 C. henryana Cohen Stuart 和 C. trichocarpa H.T. Chang) 和近来发表的原始山茶 组 Sect. Protocamellia H.T. Chang 等 3 个组均应归并入 Sect. Heterogenea Sealy 中;金花茶组 Sect. Chrysantha H.T. Chang 中的 C. pubipetala Wen et Huang 和小黄花茶组 Sect. Luteoflora H.T.Chang, 花无梗, 苞、萼数较多, 半宿存, 花柱中、下部靠合等特征与实果茶组 Sect Stereocarpus 相似而应并入其中; Sect. Oleifera H.T. Chang 和 Sect. Paracamellia Sealy 并无本质 区别,也应归并。以上的订正使各类群的概念更为清楚,这一系统试图较客观地反映山茶 属植物的系统发育与进化规律。

分亚属或分组检索表

- 1. 明显具花梗, 小苞片排列于花梗上, 宿存或稀早落; 萼片宿存 (I. 茶亚屬 Subgen. Thea).
 - 2. 花柱离生。

 - 3. 叶片中等大或较小, 具锯齿; 花单生。
 - 2. 花柱合生。
 - 5. 叶片通常较大; 花较大; 雄蕊 3~5 轮, 外轮花丝基部或下部合生; 果 3~5 室, 中轴宿存。

6. 小苞片 2 (~4) 枚, 早落或宿存; 子房球形。 7. 花梗短而粗壮,长不超过1 cm;小苞片早落;花和果较大;中轴粗壮 ············ (IV) 茶组 Sect. Thea 7. 花梗纤细, 长 (1.5~) 2~3.5 (~4.2) cm; 小苞片早落或宿存; 花和果小; 中轴纤细 ························(V) 长梗茶组 Sect. Longipedicellata 5. 叶片较小; 花小; 雄蕊 2 轮, 外轮花丝通常 2/3 以上合生; 果小, 仅 1 室发育, 中轴退化。 8. 通常花瓣外面被粉状微柔毛;子房和花柱被毛 ························· (VIII) 毛蕊茶组 Sect. Eriandria 1. 花无梗; 小苞片紧贴于萼片之下, 苞、萼半宿存或脱落 ·············(Ⅱ. 山茶亚属 Subgen. Camellia)。 9. 花柱离生。 10. 子房或果表面无瘤状突起 (IX) 离蕊茶组 Sect. Heterogenea 9. 花柱多少合生。 11. 雄蕊外轮花丝下半部或基部合生,稀近离生。 12. 小苞片和萼片果期大多宿存; 花柱 3~5 条靠合, 具 3~5 槽(X) 实果茶组 Sect. Stereocarpus 12. 苞片和萼片花后脱落或果期多少宿存。 13. 小苞片和萼片与花瓣同时脱落或多少宿存;花瓣基部连生;雌、雄蕊与花瓣近等长,外轮花丝 1/2 合生; 花柱通常先端 3~5 浅裂 ······ (XII) 山茶组 Sect. Camellia 13. 小苞片和萼片早落;花瓣离生或几离生;雌、雄蕊极短,长约花瓣的1/2;花柱深裂或几达基部 11. 雄蕊外轮花丝全部合生成肉质管,花药着生于管口或内缘;小苞片和萼片果期多少宿存 ······(XIV) 管蕊茶组 Sect. Calpandria

系统排列

- I. subgen. **Thea (L.) H.T. Chang 茶亚属** (Subgen. *Protocamellia* H.T. Chang, p.p. quoad Sect. *Archecamellia* Sealy and Sect. *Plourocarpus* H. T. Chang; Sungen. *Metacamellia* H.T. Chang)
 - (I) Sect. Piquetia (Pierre) Sealy 越南茶组
 - 1. C. piquetiana (Pierre) Sealy
 - (II) Sect. Archecamellia Sealy 古茶组(Sect. Chrysantha H.T. Chang. excl. C. pubipetala Wan et Huang; Sect. Pleurocarpus H.T. Chang)
 - 2. C. krempfii (Gagnep.) Sealy
 - 3. C. flava (Pitard) Sealy
 - 4. C. pleurocarpa (Gagnep.) Sealy
 - 5. C. aurea H.T. Chang
 - 6. C. calcicola Ming
 - 7. C. megasepala H. T. Charg
 - 8. C. tonkinensis (Pitard) Coh. Stuart
 - 9. C. chrysanthoides H. T. Chang
 - 10. C. micrantha S. Y. Liang et Y. C. Zhong

- 11. C. amplexicaulis (Pitard) Coh. Stuart
- 12. C. impresinervis H.T. Chang et S.Y. Liang
- 13. C. petelotii (Merr.) Sealy

var. petelotii

var. microcarpa (Mo et Huang) Ming et W. J. Zhang

- 14. C. euphlebia Merr. ex Sealy
- 15. C. fascicularis H.T. Chang
- 16. C. huana Ming et W. J. Zhang
- 17. C. flavida H. T. Chang

var. flavida

var. patens (Mo et Zhong) Ming, comb.nov. (C. longgangensis var. patens S.L. Mo et Y.C. Zhong in Guahaia 5 (4): 354, fig. 4.1985)

18. C. indochinensis Merr.

var. indochinensis

var. tunghinensis (Chang) Ming et W.J. Zhang

19. C. pingguoensis D. Fang

var. pingguoensis

var. terminalis (Liang et Su) Ming et W. J. Zhang

- (III) Sect. Cylindrica Ming 柱蕊茶组
 - 20. C. cylindracea Ming
- (IV) Sect. Thea (L.) Dyer 茶组 (Sect. Glaberrima H.T. Chang)
 - 21. C. tachangensis F. C. Zhang

var. tachangensis

var. **remotiserrrata** (H.T.Chang et al) Ming, comb.nov. (*C. remotiserrata* H.T.Chang, F.L.Yu et P.S.Wang in Act.Sci.Nat.Univ.Sunyats 29 (2): 87.1990; *C. gymnogynoides* H.T.Chang et B.H.Chen; *C. nanchuanica* H.T.Chang et J.H.Xiong; *C. jinyunshanica* H.T.Chang et J.H.Xiong)

- 22. C. grandibracteata H. T. Chang et C. X. Ye ex H. T. Chang
- 23. C. kwangsiensis H. T. Chang

var. kwangsiensis

var. kwangnanica (H.T. Chang et B.H. Chen) Ming

- 24. C. taliensis (W. W. Smith) Melchior
- 25. C. crassicolumna H.T. Chang

var . crassicolumna

var. multiplex (Chang et Tang) Ming

- 26. C. sealyana Ming (see the text)
- 27. C. gymnogyna H. T. Chang
- 28. C. costata H. T. Chang